

PLENTY OF MONEY FOR TRACY; BIG MEETINGS FOR HENRY



Halted by Black White Platt and Quigg Approach.

Becomes Interested in the Baby's Balloon Gets Away—Bliss Appears.

Impressed With the Success in Raising the Needful.

But Says "No," and the Four Go Their Way.

GEN. HARRISON, WHILE ON A SHOPPING TOUR, IS URGED TO HELP SOLICIT CAMPAIGN FUNDS, BUT REFUSES.

DAY'S POLITICAL NEWS ALL IN A NUTSHELL.

Armour & Company, of Chicago, Contribute \$100,000, First Installment of a \$300,000 Gift, to Platt's Campaign Fund.

ARMOUR & COMPANY, the big firm of Chicago packers, have contributed \$100,000 to Platt's campaign fund. This donation is the first installment of the \$300,000 which Senators Mason and Cullom, the Republican bosses of Illinois, were called upon by Platt to furnish for use in the

Tracy campaign. Tracy, Boardman & Platt are the legal representatives in New York of the big Chicago firm. B. F. Van Valkenburg, former assistant Commissioner of Agriculture, says he was removed to make room for an appointee of Armour & Co. for violation of the oleomargarine laws.

John Brooks Leavitt, John Jay Chapman, Henry White and others addressed a small audience at Cooper Union in the interest of Seth Low. In his speech Mr. Leavitt said: "Croker is a murderer. So is Platt. So is Grace. Every political boss is a deceiver, a thief, a murderer. He deceives the credulous, he steals patriotism, he murders manliness."

William Brookfield and General Anson G. McKock attacked President McKinley for the interference of his Federal appointees in the Greater New York Campaign on the ground that the President had no right to commit the Administration in favor of one Republican candidate as against another.

Rural Republicans made a descent upon New York in the interests of General Tracy's candidacy for Mayor. Every Republican of prominence in the State, outside of Greater New York, has been put in the harness to speak or to raise money for the ticket, while all the strong leaders of the Metropolitan district have either abandoned Tracy for Low or hold aloof from the struggle.

Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, notified John C. Sheehan, leader of Tammany Hall, that he would speak for Judge Van Wyck in New York on the night of October 23. Mayor Harrison will be accompanied to New York by a large delegation of Cook County Democrats.

Henry George spoke to 6,000 persons at two meetings in Brooklyn last night. The meeting at the Academy of Music was a rousing ratification for the independent candidate; that at the Clermont Avenue Rink, the hall next in size to Madison Square Garden in the Greater New York—was a frost because of the bungling of George's campaign managers. Congressman Tom L. Johnson made a characteristic speech at each meeting. He denied that Mark Hanna was helping George by campaign contribution, and protested that he was not interested in the result because of franchises.

General Tracy met the Republican district leaders for the first time during the campaign, and listened to reports of prospects from the various districts in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx. They told him he was sure to be elected, and he said he believed them.

Cornelius N. Bliss presided and Governor Black and General Tracy spoke at a Republican mass-meeting at Lenox Lyceum last night. Secretary Bliss formally placed the McKinley Administration on record as favoring the election of Tracy.

Speaker O'Grady and others, in interviews, praised President McKinley and Governor Black for coming to the rescue of Platt and Tracy in the fight for control of the Greater New York.

Colonel Asa Bird Gardiner, Tammany's candidate for District-Attorney, at a meeting at No. 315 West Forty-second street last evening, said that Mayor Strong's administration had proved a lamentable failure, and that the best way to save the city was to give Greater New York another Strong administration. Colonel Gardiner also said that Tom L. Johnson, the intimate friend of Mark Hanna, was behind George and was footing his campaign bills.

ILLEGAL REGISTRATION.

Three Men Arrested, but Two Discharged After Explaining—Colonization Reported.

Three men charged with illegal registration were arraigned before Magistrate Denel in the Morrisania Police Court yesterday. They are Benjamin F. Hodds, an inmate of the Webb Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, on Academy Heights; Frederick Rodgerson, of Spuyten Dyvili, who has been a patient in the Seton Hospital for the last year; John Riley, a foreman for the Barber Asphalt Company. Rodgerson and Riley were discharged after explaining matters to the magistrate. Hodds will probably be discharged when his case is further investigated.

William Kennedy, living in a lodging house at No. 232 East Third street, arrested, Tuesday night, for vagrancy by Court Officers Grosjean and Hayes, showed Magistrate Crane, in Jefferson Market Court, yesterday, a registration card indicating that he had registered as a voter in the twentieth election district of the Eighteenth Assembly District. Kennedy admitted to the Court that he had been only four weeks in this city. He came here from Troy with a friend, Kennedy said he had been in the State four months. "I didn't think it was any harm to register," said he, when arraigned. "My friend also registered."

"What is the name of your friend?" demanded the Court. "Thomas White, sir," replied Kennedy. Magistrate Crane summoned Sergeant Kelly and had him send a telephone message to Captain Smith, of the East Twentieth street station, that illegal registration was going on in his district, and to thoroughly investigate. It was learned that White and given the name of Bennett. Rumors of colonization in the Twenty-eighth Assembly District were in a measure confirmed yesterday by a communication received by Chairman Records of the Citizens' Union Executive Committee.

TAMMANY ATTACKS WARING

Issues a Pamphlet Declaring that the Street-Cleaning Department Has Been Badly Conducted.

Tammany Hall has attacked the record of Street-Cleaning Commissioner Waring. It has issued a pamphlet declaring that the present Republican administration has violated all ante-election pledges, more especially in the extravagance of the Street-Cleaning Department, where economy had been promised. Upon his appointment, Colonel Waring, the pamphlet recites, immediately notified the Mayor that the amount appropriated was entirely insufficient and that he would not be able to clean the streets unless it was increased. New York had a business man for Mayor and the request was granted. The \$2,000,000 appropriated for a Democratic Campaign alone was increased over \$2,000,000 for the reformer.

The pamphlet then goes into detail concerning the carelessness management in the issuance of driver's tickets during 1896 and 1897. It claims the inauguration of the present system of street cleaning to be due to Commissioner Andrews, the Democratic predecessor of Commissioner Waring. It says that the carts, about 2,000, used by the department are manufactured in New Jersey by a man named Hill at a cost of about \$3 each, and the city pays \$10 apiece for replacement.

The snow privilege receives attention in the pamphlet, and it is alleged that the city pays \$50,000 a year for what was a revenue of \$75,000 a year for which it was formerly.

If you take care to secure the great Sunday Journal each week you will in time have a folio of the most popular music sung and played in America. A complete song is given free with each issue. Sadie Martinson's "Mary Jane Marie" is the next hit.

Political Notes.

Chairman Denforth of the Democratic State Committee declared last night that he would not run for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, as candidate for the official ballot. Mr. McFarlin had declined to run.

James H. Salmon, the old political hanger-on at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, who has always had "some private business" in the city, was arrested and taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station. His sanity will be tested at Bellevue Hospital.

A party meeting held in the open air at Tenth street and Sixth avenue, proved a flat failure last night. The speakers could not raise a crowd, and after fruitless endeavors left for home.

Speaker James M. E. O'Grady said yesterday that he was delighted that the President, the Governor and their friends were so interested in the election. He declared that the election would establish the solid line of 1890.

Judge W. J. Gaynor yesterday addressed a communication to Augustus H. Van Buren, of the City County Bar, in which he favored a suggestion that the candidacy of Judge Alton B. Parker for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals should be widely advocated.

During the past week nine members of the Republican Committee in the Sixteenth Assembly District have declared their intention to vote for Seth Low. They all tendered their resignations to Deputy Executive Commissioner Hilliard, their leader.

Allison's October Ale. Just arrived. On draught nearly everywhere.

GEORGE FEELS BROOKLYN'S PULSE

Enthusiasm at the Academy Meeting; a Frost at the Rink.

Henry George tested the campaign feeling for himself in Brooklyn last night. He and his running mates on the city ticket spoke at two meetings to 6,000 people. The first meeting, at the Academy of Music, was effervescent with George enthusiasm. The second meeting was at the Clermont Avenue Rink, which is next in size to Madison Square Garden as a meeting hall in the Greater New York. The hall will seat 4,000 people, and more can range themselves in the rear and along the walls. There were but 3,000 in the hall last night. This failure for failure it most certainly was—due to the bungling of George's campaign managers. They did not arrange for the Rink meeting until 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Not an advertisement of it was printed. The managers depended on George enthusiasm and free trolley excursions, conducted by Congressman Tom Johnson, to fill the hall, and they hoped for orations at both meetings. They had no word nor done a Bryan's reception in the same hall a year ago.

Johnson's Speeches Pleased. A feature at both meetings which pleased the audiences immensely were speeches by ex-Congressman "Tom" Johnson. He spoke in his characteristic vein, acknowledging himself to be a monopolist, but declaring that he hated the system by which business is done. He was repelled by the fact that Hanna is a typical plutocrat; that he is in politics for business only, and that he has used the word "no" more than a dozen times to advance George's interests. The answer caught the audience by storm, and the cheers for Johnson rivaled those that had been given earlier for George.

The greatest enthusiasm, however, was at the Academy, when George first appeared. The hall is within stone's throw of Low's birthplace. In it all political parties of Brooklyn open their campaigns and old timers regard the enthusiasm as a political thermometer. Low and Tracy had both been greeted there most heartily, but not more heartily than was George last night. Mr. George's audience, however, contained more workmen than usually go to the Academy. Many women were in the hall and a conspicuous feature was the presence of young men.

Mrs. George Was There. In the box at the right of the stage sat Mrs. Henry George, Miss C. L. George, Miss Anna George, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Tom L. Johnson, Miss Beale Johnson, Mrs. McConnell and Richard George.

Mr. George came on the stage at 8 o'clock with C. A. Hayland, the temporary chairman. J. P. Kohler, private secretary to Justice William J. Gaynor, as chairman of the campaign committee, presented the temporary officers. Justice Gaynor himself was not present, although the report that he was to be there had been circulated.

"When Mr. George rose to speak it was several minutes before he could be heard. Once he was heard, he stood on chairs and waved late umbrellas and handkerchiefs. Mr. George walked calmly up and down the platform until the enthusiasm had subsided. He was one of his characteristic speeches and was frequently interrupted by applause.

Mr. George said: "Once before I left Brooklyn to purely personal reasons. I had been in New York but a few weeks when I was asked to run for the Mayorship on a platform which I could not refuse to stand for. I ran, and I was elected, but counted out."

"Again I have been asked to stand on that same platform, the platform of true Democracy. I rely on the common people, and your votes, my friends, shall be counted."

"No tricks this time," said a voice in the audience.

"No," said Mr. George, "no tricks this time. I cannot count me out in this advanced age."

"You are the only Democrat running, and we are all with you," came from another man in the audience.

"If the people want to be ruled by Croker or by Platt," continued Mr. George, "I am not here to vote for them. I am here to vote for the man who will give the people the right to rule."

"I believe I shall win," went on the speaker, "and I believe that to me shall be given the years to carry out the principles for which I stand."

Mr. George arraigned the Administration of President McKinley, especially condemning the tariff. Terrence V. Powderly was mentioned and his name was greeted by cries of "Traitor!"

Powderly Called "Traitor." The speaker touched on a few of his theories and concluded by asking his friends, the common people, to vote for him.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. All drugs take the money if it fails to cure.

him. "My friends, if you elect me to be Mayor I shall not betray you."

Former Postmaster Dayton, the candidate for Comptroller on the George ticket, hardly introduced. He said that if Tammany Hall should win this Fall the Kings County Democracy would be but a fly in the spider's web. It would simply be a new mesh up by the larger machine.

With reference to his administration of the office of Comptroller, if elected, Mr. Dayton said he would sell the bonds of the city to the common people. Either of the other three principal candidates would be elected to please the millionaire bankers or, either side of the Atlantic, who would be able to gobble up all the bonds in a lurch.

Dayton scored Richard Croker, but disclaimed any personal feeling. "I have nothing against the personal character of any of the candidates," he said, "but I tell you, gentlemen, any man nominated at the meeting in the Grand Central Palace must be controlled by the men who nominated him."

Mr. Dayton declared against the Rink law and denounced the measure as un-American and un-Democratic and distasteful to the common people.

"It has been reported from some source, my friends, that I am an A. P. A. man. I hardly think it is necessary for me to deny that story, but I do deny it and repudiate the doctrine as being repugnant to the constitution."

Tom L. Johnson succeeded Mr. Dayton. "I read Henry George's book years ago by accident. The Lord knows I tried hard for a year to disbelieve the teachings, but I cannot, and now to-night I am firmly convinced that the people ought to own every railroad in Christendom."

The speaker mentioned the fact that he could not vote in the present municipal campaign. "For," he said, "I would follow Henry George to New Zealand."

Mr. Johnson and Mr. Johnson left the Academy to speak at the meeting at the Clermont Avenue Rink.

Other speakers at the Academy were John Jacoby, Jerome O'Neil and Charles Frederick Adams.

ENGLISH STORM DARGAI.

Almost Impregnable Position Carried by a Gallant Bayonet Charge with Heavy Loss.

Stimla, Oct. 20.—According to advices from Fort Lockhart, the tribesmen having occupied Dargai Ridge, which commanded Chagran, on the Samana Range, General Sir Yeatman Biggs sent the Second Division this morning to dislodge them.

The position was a very strong one, on the summit of a precipitous hill, reached only by a single path, along which the attacking force, consisting of the Gurkha Regiment and the Dorsetshire Regiment, was obliged to climb in Indian file, three batteries meanwhile shelling the Sangars.

Half the men dropped, but the remainder pushed gallantly on till they reached the cover where the Gurkhas lay. The rest of the force streamed after them, and the Gurkhas, seeing that most of the troops had passed the fire zone, fled up the hill and collected under cover of the cliffs.

The Highlanders and mixed regiments, after passing a moment to take breath, then advanced to the assault, and twenty minutes later the position was won.

General Sir Yeatman Biggs will continue the advance so as to hold the frontal hills and then push on to Kharappa, where he will be joined by Sir William Lockhart.

SHOT AT A WOMAN.

Cigarmaker Angry Because He Could Not Collect His Wages.

A pistol shot rang through the tenement at No. 133 Mott street, shortly after 6 o'clock last night. The result was only a bad fright to Mrs. Mary D. Maria, who lives on the second floor.

The cause was a trifle of \$1.50 which Alexander Sabato had called to collect, and falling in his purpose fired at the woman.

Without waiting to see the effect of his erring aim, Sabato ran out of the building and down Mott street, where he was caught by the police.

Maria is a cigar manufacturer, and Sabato, who is a cigar maker, had done some work for him. He called yesterday morning for his pay, when the woman offered him \$1.50 on account. This he refused, but last evening he decided to accept that amount, but she told him that she had given the money to her husband.

An angry discussion followed. Sabato drew the revolver and fired. He lives at No. 102 Hudson avenue, Brooklyn.

SING SING FOR 17 YEARS.

Timothy Walters, a Negro, Pleads Guilty to Stealing \$225 from a Haverstraw Saloon.

Nyack, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Timothy Walters, one of three negroes who held up several saloon keepers in Haverstraw on the night of August 28, was arraigned before Judge Tompkins here to-day. He was shot by one of the men held up and was subsequently arrested in a hospital. He was called upon to plead to a charge of stealing \$225 from Mike Siney's saloon in Haverstraw.

Upon the advice of his counsel Walters pleaded guilty and was sentenced to seventeen years and six months in Sing Sing. He will be called upon Friday to plead to another indictment for robbing another saloon on the same night.

STECKLERITES OUT TO SUPPORT SETH LOW.

Give as Their Reason a Desire to Improve the Opportunity to Smash "Bossism" in Both Its Exponents.

The Manhattan Democracy, after weeks of cogitation, has finally decided to support Seth Low for Mayor and Alton B. Parker for the Court of Appeals. At a meeting of the Executive Committee, with every Assembly district represented, at the Metropolitan Hotel last night, an address denouncing of both political machines was issued. Alexander Bremer, president of the Musical Union, presided.

Alfred and Charles Steckler are the moving spirits in the Manhattan Democracy, which, two years ago, under another name, cast 20,000 votes, including defective ones, for Alfred Steckler, who was then a candidate for the Supreme Court.

It was freely stated at the meeting last night that the Manhattan Democracy would have supported the regular Democratic party had not Richard Croker obstructed his presence upon the local political landscape. The Stecklers' virulent address to the people's says:

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The Manhattan Democracy appeals to the people of the city of New York to cast their suffrages in favor of a candidate for Mayor who will always be found on the side of the people as against ring rule and the bosses.

In 1894 the people of the city of New York arose in their might and crushed out the hold-out set of political adventurers who had controlled the city government. They did this because many departments were reeking with corruption. The Tammany machine, the same crowd of adventurers, without any attempt to hide their identity, are again asking for the suffrages of the people to restore the condition of affairs that existed in the city prior to the election of 1894.

Both the Republican and the Tammany machines have been successful in having the power to again rebuke the old Tammany machine. They have done this by the disapproval of Platt and the Rink bill, and by the support of the Rink law. The Tammany machine, the same crowd of adventurers, without any attempt to hide their identity, are again asking for the suffrages of the people to restore the condition of affairs that existed in the city prior to the election of 1894.

Tammany claims that the legitimate liquor interest has been suppressed under the administration, and that more arrests have been made than under the Tammany regime. The statistics show the contrary:

Under the present administration, for the same period of time, from June 1, 1895, to December 31, 1896, there were 6,061, nearly 5,000 less arrests under the present administration for the same period than under Tammany.

To no one will dispute the fact that he need not now go any on Sunday. Tammany's great cry that the taxes have been raised. Why have they been raised? In 1894, under Tammany, \$2,900,000 was appropriated to clean the streets, with the result that the people were not bothered by dirty streets. Now, \$3,000,000 is appropriated, and we have clean streets.

In consequence of clean streets the death rate of the city under the present administration has been less than under Tammany.

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Children's death rate— 72.0
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Prof. Damon's Startling Demonstrations Still Continue at the Gramercy Lyceum.

"The Most Wondrous Cures Since the Miracles of Our Saviour!"

The above remark was made by one of the spectators at Professor Damon's Clinic on Tuesday afternoon. The professor had just removed an unsightly growth from the throat of a woman, and had also restored strength and vigor to the limbs of a patient who had not walked a step without crutches in nine years. To see the happy creature shoulder these implements and walk unaided out of the hall was a sight that moved many to tears. Another patient, a man who had not been able to put his hands to his head in six years, was cured, and, in his gratitude, kissed his benefactor's feet. These are the kind of cures that are being performed at the Gramercy Lyceum, West 34th st., just off Ave. every afternoon at 2:30. These wondrous private consultations will find their culmination at the Damon Clinic, 50 and 32 West 27th st., from 9 a. m. till 8 p. m.

Radway's Pills

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthy regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Female Irregularities, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Piles and all derangements of the Internal System. 25 cts a box. At Druggists' or by mail. "Book of Advice" free by mail. RADWAY & CO., P. O. box 305, NEW YORK.

Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gas, Trills and all disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. Instant relief and permanent cure guaranteed. A 50c bottle cures. Write Grover Graham Co., Newburgh, N. Y., for pamphlet. Sold by all leading retail and wholesale druggists.

Logos

The Eminent Greek Astrologer

New York City, Oct. 18, 1897.

Advertising Manager, New York Journal.

Dear Sir: I have been advertising in your hustling paper for some time, and wish to say that the results are enormous.

It is only the better class of people that are interested in Astrology, and your paper seems to go to the right place.

I have advertised in many newspapers, from New York to California, and the results obtained from your columns are ahead of them all.

Wishing the Journal the success in the future that it has had in the past, I remain, faithfully,

Logos.

P. O. Box 2512, New York City.